



excel beyond expectancy

# CARE Academy

for Competitive Examinations

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## UG TRB - MATHS Syllabus

### MATHEMATICS

#### UNIT-1

##### **ALGEBRA and TRIGONOMETRY**

Polynomial Equations – Imaginary and Irrational Roots – Relation between Roots and Coefficients symmetric function of Roots in terms of coefficient- Transformation of equation – Reciprocal equation - Increase or Decrease the roots of given equation – Removal of terms – Descartes's rule of signs – Approximate solution of roots of polynomial by Horner's Method–Cardan's method of solution of cubic polynomial – Summation of series using Binomial – Exponential and Logarithmic series.

Symmetric – Skew symmetric, Hermitian – Skew Hermitian, Orthogonal Matrices, Unitary Matrices – Eigen Values – Eigen Vectors – Cayley-Hamilton Theorem – Similar Matrices – Diagonalization of Matrices.

Prime Number, Composite Number, Decomposition of a Composite Number as a Product of primes uniquely – Divisor of a positive Integer – Euler Function. Congruence Modulo  $n$ , Highest power of prime number  $p$  Contained in  $n!$  – Application of Maxima and Minima – Prime and Composite numbers – Euler's function  $J(N)$  – Congruences – Fermat's, Wilson's and Lagrange's theorems.

Expansions of Power of  $\sin nx$ ,  $\cos nx$ ,  $\tan nx$  – Summation by  $C + i S$  method, Telescopic Summation - Expansion of  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$  in terms of  $x$  - Sum of Roots of Trigonometric Equation, Formation of Equation With Trigonometric Roots - Hyperbolic Functions – Relation Between Circular and Hyperbolic Function – Inverse Hyperbolic Function – Logarithm of a complex number – Principal Value and General Values.

#### UNIT II

##### **DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS, INTEGRAL CALCULUS and ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY**

$n^{\text{th}}$  derivatives – Trigonometrical Transformations — Leibnitz Theorem – Implicit functions – Partial Differentiation– Maxima / Minima of a function of two variables – Lagrangian multiplier method - Radius of curvature in Cartesian and Polar forms – Angle between radius vector and tangent – Slope of tangent of a polar curve –  $p$ - $r$  equations – Center of Curvature – Evolutes, Envelopes – Asymptotes of Algebraic curves - Asymptotes by inspection – Intersection of a curve with asymptotes.

Evaluation of Double and Triple integrals – Applications of Multiple Integrals in finding volumes, surface areas of solids – Areas of curved surfaces – Jacobians – Transformation of Integrals using Jacobians – Indefinite integrals - Beta and Gamma Functions and their properties – Evaluation of Integrals using Beta and Gamma Functions.

Pole and Polar – Conjugate points and Conjugate lines, Conjugate diameters - Polar Coordinates – General Polar Equation of a Straight line – General Polar Equation of a Conic

##### **UNIT-III DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS and LAPLACE TRANSFORMATIONS**

Ordinary Differential Equations - Homogeneous Equations - Exact equations - Integrating Factors - Linear equations - Reduction of order – Second order Linear differential equations – General solution of homogeneous Equations – Homogeneous equation with constant coefficients – Method of undetermined coefficients – method of Variation of

Parameters - System of first order equations - Linear systems - Homogeneous linear systems with constant coefficients.

Partial Differential Equations - Formation of Partial Differential Equations by eliminating arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions. Solving PDEs: Complete integral - Singular integral - general integral - Lagrange's equation  $Pp+Qq=R$  - Charpit's method and special types of first order equations.

Laplace transform of elementary functions - Laplace transforms of special functions like unit step function. Dirac Delta function - Properties of Laplace Transformation and Laplace Transforms of derivatives and integrals - Evaluation of integrals using Laplace transform - Initial value theorem - Final value theorem - Laplace transform of periodic functions - Inverse Laplace transforms - Convolution theorem - Application of Laplace transformations in solving first and second order linear differential equations and simultaneous linear ordinary differential equations.

#### **UNIT -IV**

#### **VECTOR CALCULUS and FOURIER SERIES, FOURIER TRANSFORMS**

Vector Differentiation - Velocity and Acceleration - Vector valued functions and Scalar potentials - Gradient - Divergence - Curl - Directional Derivative - Unit normal to a surface - Laplacian double operator - Harmonic functions.

Vector Integration - Line Integral - Conservative force field - Determining Scalar Potential from a conservative force field - Work done by a force - Surface Integral - Volume integral - Theorems of Gauss, Stokes, and Green.

Fourier Series - Expansions of Periodic functions of period  $2\pi$  - Expansion of even and odd functions - half range series - Evaluation of Infinite Series using Fourier Series expansions - Fourier Transforms - Infinite Fourier Transform - Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms - Simple properties of Fourier Transforms - Convolution Theorem - Parseval's identity.

#### **UNIT -V**

#### **ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES**

Groups - Subgroups, cyclic Groups and properties of cyclic groups, Lagrange's Theorem - Counting Principles - Normal subgroups, Quotient groups, Homomorphism, Automorphism, Cayley's theorem, Permutation groups - Rings - Some special classes of Rings - Integral domain, Homomorphism of rings - Ideal and Quotient rings - Prime ideal, Maximum Ideals - the field and quotients of an integral domain - Euclidean rings - Algebra of Linear transformation, Characteristic roots, matrices, Canonical forms, Triangular Forms - Problems of converting Linear Transformation to Matrices and vice-versa - Vector Space - Definition and examples - Linear dependence - Independence, Sub spaces and Dual spaces - Inner product spaces.

#### **UNIT-VI**

#### **REAL ANALYSIS**

Sets - Countable and Uncountable sets - Real Number system  $\mathbb{R}$  - Functions - Real Valued functions, Equivalence and Countability - Infimum and Supremum of a subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  - Bolzano- Weierstrass Theorem - Sequences of real numbers - Convergent and Divergent Sequences - Monotone Sequences - Cauchy Sequences - Limit Superior and Limit Inferior of a sequence - Sub Sequences - Infinite series - Alternating Series - Conditional convergence and Absolute convergence - Tests of Absolute convergence - Continuity and Uniform Continuity of a real valued function of a real variable - Limit of a function at a point - Continuity and Differentiability of real valued functions - Rolle's Theorem - Mean Value Theorems - Inverse function theorem, Taylor's Theorem with remainder forms - Power series expansion - Riemann Integrability - Sequences and Series of Functions.

Metric spaces - Limits of a function at a point in metric spaces - functions continuous on

a metric space – various reformulations of continuity of a function in a metric space - open sets – closed sets – discontinuous functions on the real line.

**UNIT VII**  
**COMPLEX ANALYSIS**

Algebra of Complex Numbers – Function of Complex Variable – Mappings, Limits – Theorems on Limits, continuity, differentiability – Cauchy-Riemann Equations – Analytic Functions – Harmonic Function – Conformal mapping – Mobius Transformations – Elementary Transformation – Bilinear Transformations – Cross ratio – Fixed points of bilinear transformations – Special Bilinear transformations.

Contours – Contour Integrals – Anti Derivatives – Cauchy-Goursat Theorem- Power Series – Complex Integration – Cauchy's theorem, Morera's theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula – Liouville's Theorem – Maximum Modulus Principle – Schwarz's Lemma – Taylor's series – Laurent's series – Calculus of Residues – Residue Theorem – Evaluation of Integrals - Definite integrals of Trigonometric functions – Argument principle and Rouche's Theorem.

**UNIT VIII**  
**MECHANICS**

Statics: Forces on a rigid body – Moment of a force – General motion of a rigid body – Equivalent system of force – Parallel Forces – Forces along the sides of Triangle Couples.

Resultant of several coplanar forces – Equation of line of action of the resultant – Equilibrium of rigid body under three Coplanar forces – Reduction of Coplanar forces into single force and couples – Laws of friction, angle of friction, Equilibrium of a body on a rough inclined plane acted on by several forces – Equilibrium of a uniform Homogeneous string – Catenary – Suspension bridge – Centre of Gravity of uniform rigid bodies.

Dynamics: Velocity and Acceleration – Coplanar motion – Rectilinear motion under constant forces – Acceleration and retardation thrust on a plane – Motion along a Vertical line under gravity – Motion along an inclined plane – motion of connected particles – Newton's Laws of motion.

Work, Energy and power – Work – Conservative field of force – Power – Rectilinear motion under varying force Simple Harmonic Motion (S.H.M) – S.H.M along a horizontal line – S.H.M along a Vertical line – Motion under gravity in a resisting medium.

Path of a projectile – Particle projected on an inclined plane – Analysis of forces acting on particles and rigid bodies on static equilibrium, equivalent systems of forces, friction, centroids and moments of inertia – Elastic Medium, Impact – Impulsive force – Impact of sphere – Impact of two smooth spheres – Impact of two spheres of two smooth sphere on a plane – oblique impact of two smooth spheres.

Circular motion – Conical Pendulum motion of a cyclist on circular path – Circular motion on a vertical plane – relative rest in revolving cone – simple pendulum – Central Orbits – Conic as Centered Orbit – Moment of inertia

**UNIT IX**  
**OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

Linear Programming – Formulation – Graphical Solution – Simplex Method – Big –M method – Two phase method – Duality – Primal dual relation – dual simplex method – revised simplex method – Sensitivity analysis – Transportation Problem – Assignment Problem – Queuing Theory – Basic Concepts – Steady State analysis of M/M/1 and M/M/ Systems with infinite and finite capacities.

PERT-and CPM – Project network diagram – Critical path – PERT computations-Inventory Models- Basic Concept –EOQ Models – uniform Demand rate infinite and finite protection

rate with no shortage – Classical newspaper boy problem with discrete demand – purchase inventory model with one price brake – Game theory – Two person Zero – Sum game with saddle point – without saddle point – Dominance – Solving  $2 \times n$  or  $m \times 2$  game by graphical method – Integer programming – Branch and bound method

**UNIT—X**  
**STATISTICS/PROBABILITY**

Measures of central tendency – Measures of Dispersion – Moments – Skewness and Kurtosis – Correlation – Rank Correlation – Regression – Regression line of  $x$  on  $y$  and  $y$  on  $x$  – Index Numbers – Consumer Price Index numbers – Conversion of chain base Index Number into fixed base index numbers – Curve Fitting – Principle of Least Squares – Fitting a straight line – Fitting a second degree parabola – Fitting of power curves – Theory of Attributes – Attributes – Consistency of Data – Independence and Associate of data.

Theory of Probability – Sample Space – Axioms of Probability – Probability function – Laws of Addition – Conditional Probability – Law of multiplication – Independent – Boole's Inequality – Bayes' Theorem – Random Variables – Distribution function – Discrete and continuous random variables – Probability density functions – Mathematical Expectation – Moment Generating Functions – Cumulates – Characteristic functions – Theoretical distributions – Binomial, Poisson, Normal distributions – Properties and conditions of a normal curve – Test of significance of sample and large samples – Z- test – Student's t-test – F-test – Chi square and contingency coefficient.